## O'NEIL AND ROURKE GO UP.

NOR. 881 AND 693 JOIN THE LOCK-STEP TO DINNER IN SING SING.

er Prison Telephone Tells Every body That They Are There—They Will Make Shoes—McQuade is Sorry for O'Nell, and Says He Got No Money—He Thinks That Cleary will be Convicted..

one going up for burglary and the other for assault. These three men were taken to the
Grand Central Depot in a Fourth avenue car,
while O'Neil was driven there in a coach. A
erowd hung about the depot, and O'Neil was
evidently glad to find that he was considered
of less interest than Bourke. The latter faced
the mob like a hero loaded with henors, and
forced his way through with his head high in
the air. His mother and father, his cousin,
steve Conneil, and three women were waiting
for him. Rourke kissed his parents, shook
hands with Conneil, and kissed Connell's wife.

"It's all right," he said cheerily, and then he
waiked out on the platform away from the

for film. Rourke Rissed in participation of the with Connell, and kissed Connell's wife.

"It's all right," he said cheerily, and then he walked out on the platform away from the crowd.

O'Nell's sons were there to meet O'Neil, and the three made a melancholy group. The right hand of the ex-Alderman, hardened by honest toil, was handcuffed to Barney Martin's left hand. One of his sons glanced at the handcuff and tears came into his eyes. O'Neil saw the glance and said huskily:

"The officers had to do their duty."

Then he, too, was led out on the platform, and when the train came in there was a crowd standing around the prisoners. Several policemen were in the crowd, all looking at Rourke. The prisoners were taken into the smokling car of the Sing Sing train. O'Neil sat with Barney Martin near the front, while Rourke and the prisoners attached to him had a seat near the rear. At Yonkers several policemen boarded the train and singled out Bourke to gaze at him.

At Sing Sign O'Neil was driven to the prison in a carriage, while Rourke walked there along the snow-covered railroad track. Warden Brush was in Albany, so that the prisoners were not greeted by the sight of his ample white waist-coat, but Principal Keeper Connaughton received them, and the usual routine was gone through. The prisoners were led to the chaplain's office, where they were made to stand with their faces to the wall until Clerk Babcock got ready to take their "pedigree."

O'Neil said that he was 56 years of age, that he was born in Ireland, that he could read and write, that he never before been arrested, and that he was a dealer in shoes.

Rourke gave his age as 29. He said he was born in Cincinnati, and uses liquors and to-bacco in moderation. When asked what his business was he hesitated for a moment, and then said that he was a policeman.

The State barber shaved off both men's moustaches, and a new suit of prison clothes—new suits are an honor which is not often conferred—was given to each of them. At 12 o'clock the dinner whistis shrik

was more like a strut than a walk. Honest John's right hand rested on the shoulder of a burly negro.

The dinner was not a gorgeous affair, although there was plenty of it. The convict waiters have a way of throwing food at the men and pouring the cofiee out with a slop that is not appetizing. The dinner consisted of bean soup, cold loin of pork, black coffee, and bread. At 12½ o'clock a gong sounded, and the men rose and shuffled to their work. Convicts are never put to work the day of their strival, and so O'Neil and Rourke marched to the shoe shops, where they are to work, and stood around and became acquainted with their surroundings. O'Neil will work in the State shop with just enough other men to supply the convicts and paupers with shoes, while Rourke will work in the contract shop, and share the work of making 2,300 pairs of shoes every day.

Bourke's cell is 593, which is on the first tier

shoes every day.

Rourke's cell is 693, which is on the first tier of the north end of the prison. O'Neil's cell is 561. This is on tier 15, and is on the west side. Rourke is the fifty-eighth life prisoner ever sent to Sing Sing. If O'Neil obeys the rules of the prison, one year, two months, and lifteen days will be deducted from his term of four and a half years, and he will be a free man again on June 15, 1890.

So far, the beodic Aldermen who have already gone to Sing. Sing. have carried a good record.

a half years, and he will be a free man again on June 15, 1890.

So far, the beodle Aldermen who have already gone to Sing Sing have earned a good record, and Mr. Connaughton speaks highly of both Jaehne and McQuade. Both have been docile and industrious. In spite of the restrictions put upon the prisoners and all the attempts made to keep them ignorant of the doings of free men, they keep pretty well abreast of the news. The keepers know this, and many efforts have been made to discover how the news is obtained, but whether it is through secret signs made by prisoners who have received visits from friends, or in some other way, has hever been learned. Yesterday the reporters were taken up to the tobacco room, where Jaehne was found weighing out tobacce and packing it in little yellow paper bags for the prisoners.

"How are you, gentlemen?" said Jaehne. "I "How are you, gentlemen?" said Jachne. "I suppose you have come up with our friend O'Neil."

le was told that O'Nell had just arrived and victed."
In a room attached to the laundry was found McQuade. He shook hands warmly with the reporters and said he was glad to see them.
So they convicted poor old honest John O'Nell." he said, before the reporters told him anything. "Well, since they have found him guilty they will convict all of them. Poor John didn't benefit a bit by the railroad, for they fooled him badly, and I'm very sorry he was convicted."

John dight benefit at the year that have not by they fooled him badly, and I'm very sorry he was convicted."
"How do you like it up here?" he was asked.
"I have no fault to find whatever," he replied. "and am perfectly satisfied. How is Cleary's trial going on?"

He was informed on this point, and, after much thought, gave it as his opinion that Cleary would be convicted.

Eleven Men in the Box at Cleary's Trial. There were eleven jurors in the box at the djournment of the Cleary trial in the Oyer and Terminer Court yesterday The material offered by the jury lists averages poorer than was the case in any previous trial of an Alder-man, and the work is likely to be prolonged. The day's work began at 11 o'clock, with five jurors in the box. Cleary, fresh shaved and spruce, sat at the counsel table with his four lawyers about him. These are the eleven who were scated in the box subject to challenge: 1. James B. Warner, psiks, 202 Broadway, 103d street, sear Delmonico place. 2. Benno Klovfer, cornets 70 Franklin, 1944 Levington elmonico place. uno Klopfer, corsets, 76 Franklin, 1,044 Lexington

avenue.
3. Ernest Young, grocer, 2.361 First avenue.
4. Eudolph Proll, cigara, 2071; Eighth avenue.
6. John J. Pringe, fura, 155 Bleecker, 178 East 108th reet. 6. James E. Doty, stationer, 814 Sixth avenue. 7. William J. McPherson, bank clerk, 2 Nassau, 51 West

7. William J. Street.
8. Jacob Simon, tailor, 329 East Nineteenth street.
8. Jacob Simon, tailor, 329 East Nineteenth street.
9. Thomas A. Young, hangings, 86 Duane, 313 Second

avenue.

10. Jacob Marks, 158 East Fifty-5fth street.

11. Nathaniel J. W. Lecato, jeweller, 19 Union square,

128 East 114th street.

About the only incident of interest occurred
when John F. Clark of 3 Livingston place.

President of a manufacturing company, was
examined. He said that certain facts he had
learned last summer had changed his opinion
as to the guilt or innocence of the Aldermen.

He was excused.

as to the guilt or innocence of the Aldermen. He was excused.

"Mr. Clark," called Mr. Nicoli, "please call at my office to-morrow at 10% o'clock," Mr. Clark called hack that he would, and departed.

Mr. Clark told a reporter of The Sun that all that he meant, and all that he should tell the District Attorney this morning, was that he had formed so very positive an opinion on the subject of the Aldermen's guilt, that it would be unfair to the defence for him to go on the stand. He had discussed the matter over and over again with a friend who was an attorney connected with the Senate Committee investigation.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. A perfect preparation for children's complaints.—Ada. DINING ON JAW BREAKERS.

St. David's Society Hears from President Cleveland and Mayor Rewitt.

The members of St. David's Society ate their annual dinner at the Westminster Hotel last evening, and so celebrated the evening of St. David's Day. Ex-Postmaster Thomas L James presided, and among the guests were Ellis H. Roberts, Noah Davis, Judge Van Vorst, Judge Horace Russell, Stewart L. Wood-Ex. Alderman John O'Neil and ex. Policeman William J. Rourke were taken to Sing Bing prison yesterday, and both were taught the mysteries of the lock-step before sunset.

Both were ready for their departure from the Fombs early in the morning. O'Neil's sons were standing in the corridor looking apprehensively at everybody who appeared. O'Neil himself was nervous, and his rumpled black slik hat was in as striking contrast with his pale face as crape with a white door. Rourke was cook, chatty, and even jocular. A stranger would have thought that it was O'Neil who was to pass his life in prison and Rourke who had a trifle of four and a half years to serve.

Order, of Arrest Clerk Barney Martin with his assistants, Under Sheriff Sexton and Doputy Sheriffs Curran and Burke, appeared and handcuffed Rourke to James Lynch and Domenico Lacalla, two evil-looking fellows, one going up for burglary and the other for assault. These three men were taken to the Grand Central Depot in a Fourth avenue car, while O'Neil was driven there in a coach. A crowd hung about the depot, and O'Neil was evidently glad to find that he was considered of loss interest than Rourke. The latter faced that it is might be handed from the table proved very entable to the fact that it is in the hands of our Weish fellow till the string of the string

Mayor Hewlit wrote:

It is not generally known that to Wales we owe one of the leading branches of our productive industries, that of the manufacture of an intractile iron, now that of the manufacture of a manufacture of the production of 150,000 people. Dand find mapping to this country expressly to introduce the invention made by Mr. Crane and himself, and living to a good of age as all good Welshimen try to do, he saw the business grow to an annual product of 2,000,000 of tona, and thriving cities grow up under his eyes.

The health of President Cleveland was drunk, and a toast was drunk to the memory of President Garfields

CANADA BURIED UNDER SNOW.

Trains Blocked in All Directions-Food Sent OTTAWA, March 1.—Railroad men say that

the recent snow storm was unprecedented. Trains in every quarter have been snowed up for three days, and relief parties with pro-visions to keep the imprisoned passengers from starving have to be sent out on snow Several of the Ministers of the Crown, or their way here to attend an important meet-

their way here to attend an important meetof the Cabinet in connection with the fisheries
question, are snowed up and cannot reach the
city.

Lumbermen report that there are from
twelve to twenty feet of snow in the woods,
and that it is impossible to do anything in
getting out logs. The lumber trade will
sustain great loss, and there is certain
to be a great scarcity of logs in the spring. It
is also leared that owing to the enormous depth
of snow in the woods there will be tremendous
floods and freshets when spring opens.

THE ORCHID EXHIBITION.

Eden Musee Crowded all Day Yesterday by

The beautiful orchids displayed at the Eden Musée attracted there many ladies and gentlemen interested in the culture of flowers. All day was the building crowded, and every-where could be heard exclamations of delight at the discovery of some rare or very beautiful specimen. Mesers, Seebrecht & hibition, and the inside of the building looks like a bower, each alcove being dressed differ-ently from its neighbor. Hare paims and pitcher-plants and stag-horn ferns are also on exhibi-

plants and stag-horn terms are also on examplition.

The orchids are together in one great bed, and almost dazzling by their brilliancy of color. The varied cattleyns from the Rose Hill nursery include one splendid plant of fifty blossoms. The curious orchids whose blossoms represent birds' beaks, fishes, insects, and human faces are hung in fantastic bunches upon vinedraped trees. The orchids came from the nurseries of Seebrecht & Wadley, Erastus Corning of Albany, William S. Kimball, James K. Pitcher, Wm. C. Wilson, Mr. Honeywell, and Mr. Lee,

PHILADELPHIA, Murch 1.—The Press says: "The formation of a new cotton oil company is one of the boldest moves of its kind that has recently been this week. Its President will be Henry C. Butcher of Washington Butchers Sons, and its capital stock will be \$10,000,000. Besides Mr. Butcher and his Philadelphia \$10,000,000. Besides Mr. Butcher and his Philadelphia associates the company will consist of Philip D. Armour af Chicago, Mr. Armour's junior partner. Mesers. Webster and Cudahy of Kanass City, and Oliver Brothers of Charlotte, N. C. Promoters of the enterprise assert that the stock has already been subscribed, and is being eagerly sought after. One man who wanted \$750,000 was only able to get \$150,000. The great advantage which the new corporation expects to gain is in the cheapness with which cotton oil can be produced with new machinery. It is estimated that they can get a yield of oil of from \$3 to \$4 per ton of seed more than the mills now in operation are producing."

WAVERLY, N. Y., March 1.-Addison Watrous, wavefilty, N. 1., March 1.—Addison Watrous, a dry goods merchant here, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself through the heart. He went to his store in apparently good spirits. Shortly after 10 o'clock he went up stairs to the carpet room, as was his custom. Soon the report of a pistol was heard, and Mr. Watrous was found lying on a couch. He lived only a few minutes.

Mr. Watrous was 47 years old. He had been in Ventors and the start of the s only a few minutes.

Mr. Watrons was 47 years old. He had been in New York for a week, and arrived home on Friday night. No cause can be assigned for the rash deed other than that he has been in very poor health for some time and troubled with neuralgia of the head, which undoubtedly produced mental aberration. He was a member of Graco Episcopal Church, and leaves a wife.

The Arrested Sporting Men.

The thirteen New Yorkers who were arrested in Jersey City late on Monday night, while they were on the way to see a hard-glove fight between James Larthe way to see a hard-glove fight between James Lar-kins of Jersey City, the amateur light-weight champion, and Frederick Fitzgerald of this city, were all bailed out about 2 o'clock in the morning. They were all on hand at the hour fixed for their appearance later in the morn-ing, but only three were arraigned. These were Arthur Carr of 328 East Sixteenth street. James Richarding of 978 Second avenue, and James skanton of 4,037 Sixth ave-nue. The examination was adjourned by Judge Stileing until to clock this morning, when all the prisoners will be arraigned. They will get off with a light fine. Fitz-gerald's fighting costume, the gloves which were to be used in the fight, and sponges and towels were captured.

The scarlet Boston Lancers were the guests The scarlet Boston Lancers were the guests at Delmonico's last night of the First Hussars, whose uniform is dark blue, with amber yellow facings. Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman was another guest. He was in plain tothes, and excused himself for so appearing, i.e.n. Butterfield, tien. John M. Schofield, and Gen. Louis Fitzgerald also were present.

Gen. Fitzgerald welcomed the Hussars as soon to be a part of his command. Such organizations, he said, were the feeders of the regular army, and its mainstay. We were saidly deficient in cavalry, and he hoped the time was not far distant when there would be more of these troops. Major George W. McLean toasted the Boston Lancers.

Titans Dining.

Last night the Titans dined at the Brunswick, and as they went, fifty strong, to the dining hall the stanch hotel trembled. At one end of the hall a dark blue cloth with golden stars, intended to represent the sky, was supported upon upright rods eight feet from the ground. Hencath this the giants marched, and every man was required as he passed beneath it to "reach up and touch the sky," The ordeal was anccessfully passed by all. Then the waiters were kept flying about, and after that came the speech making.

Sallers Arrested for Conspiracy. Andrew Carr and James Moore, two firemen. imployed on the steamer Saratoga of the Havana line were arrested by Deputy Marshal Holmes on a charge of conspiracy and taken before United States Complissioner Shiledis, who held them for examination. Carr and Moore eigned articles to sail for Hayana yesterday. A few minutes before the steamer was to leave they re-fused to go on board, saying they had struck for higher wares. By conspiring to delay the ship they are liable to be imprisoned for two years.

Wm. C. Rogers Out of the Woods Again. Mr. William C. Rogers effected a satisfactory arrangement with his creditors yesterday, and re-opened Harry Felter's old store, 510 Broadway. His friends filled the store in the afternoon, and gave him a fresh start on the road to prosperity.

Nothing Like It. There is no other such compendium of news, or mirror f contemporary history as The Weekly Scs. \$1 & year.

An Army of Bright Women Are using James Pyle's Pearline. Are you !-- 4dm NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1887.

WILL THIS MARRIAGE HOLD? YOUNG KITTSON SEEKING TO GET OUT

OF A VERY UGLY SCRAPE, Clergyman Called to a Disreputable House to Marry Him to its Keeper-He Says He Must Have Been Drunk-She Sues for Divorce-A Crowd in the Court Room.

Was Mary King or Minnie Clark, who calls herself Mary Kittson, lawfully married to Hercules L. Kittson on April 25, 1885? She has brought a divorce suit to establish that she was, and Judge Ingraham's court room was full at the opening of the trial yesterday.

The plaintiff is a stout woman of 30, with black eyes and glossy black hair. A low bang showed under her elaborately trimmed black bonnet, which had a big robin on it. She wore a tight-fitting English jacket of a light color, and a black silk dress, in the front of which was inserted a piece of velvet with black figures on a white ground. Her diamond carrings sparkled whenever she moved her head.

sparkled whenever she moved her head.

The young defendant is the son of Commodore N. W. Kittson, the famous turfman. The young fellow, who has just attained his majority, sat with his eyes fastened upon her when she was testifying. One of his eyes was slightly blackened. He was dressed in a dark plaid suit. His defence is that if there was any markers accommends he had been desired. ly blackened. He was dressed in a dark plaid suit. His defence is that if there was any marriage ceremony he had no knowledge of it at the time, and that it was performed while he was drunk in her disorderly house at 514 Sixth avenue. Young Kittson was living with his parents and sister at the Windsor Hotel. The plaintiff invaded their apartments one day and announced that she was married to Hercules. No concealment of her own character was attempted, and the shock was so great that Mrs. Kittson did not long survive it.

Peter Mitchell and Joseph Stiner appeared for the plaintiff yesterday, and D. M. Porter for young Kittson. Mr. Porter 1 evamining jurors as to their competency, referred to the plaintiff as a woman of many aliases, who was the keeper of a house of ill fame. This brought Mr. Mitchell to his feet with a protest. Mr. Porter was permitted to make the statement, as he had incorporated it in his pleadings.

Lawyer Stiner, in opening the case for the plaintiff, said that she had known young Kittson for several years before the ceremony of marriage was performed, and that it would be for the jury to say, after hearing the facts, whether or not Kittson was so intoxicated that he did not comprehend what he was doing. Then the plaintiff took the witness chair and testified with a flushed face.

Q-Do you know Hercules L. Kitson? A-Yes, sir. There he is pointing. I became acquainted with him in Q.—Do you know Hercules L. Kittson? A.—Yes, sir. There he is (pointing). I became acquainted with him in 1882, and received letters from him up to 1983.
Q.—You have been corresponding with him since? A.—Yes, 81;

inst, and received letters from him up to 1883.

Q.—not have been corresponding with him since? A.—Yes, all.

Q.—Toth have been corresponding with him since? A.—Yes, all.

Q.—Toth is about your marriage? A.—I could have been married to him in 1883, but I refused. He was then down to the Windson Garden with another party, and asked me to marry him, and I told him he was foolish.

Q.—Now tell about what occurred at the time of this marriage? A.—He came to my flouse on the 24th of April and stayed nearly all night. He came in with another gentleman named Spellane. I was sick at the time with neuraligia, and had been sick for five weeks. During the evening he says: "Will you marry me". He says: "It will be all right." At about 0:30 oclock in the morning my housekeeper, Lizzie, went for Dr. Underhill, at the Little Church Around the Corner, and he came and we got married.

Q.—Who sent for the minister? A.—Mr. Kittson did. Lizzie went for the minister? A.—Mr. Kittson did. Q.—Who sent for the minister? A.—The minister came in and took his overcoat off and put on a robe, let took out a Bible, and then asked me, "Are you satisfied?"

Q.—He performed a regular marriage ceremony? A.

Q.—Was the ceremony performed while you were standing up or sitting down? A.—While we were standing up. The minister stood between us, and Lizrie stood on one side.

Q.—Was there any sum of money paid to the minister?
A.—Yes, sir. Mr. Kittson paid him \$10. Mr. Kittson stayed in the house until 1 or 2 of clock. In the afternown of the perfect of the

sir, for pleasure.

Speaking of the time that she met Kittson at Coffey's Windsor Garden in Fourteenth street, she said that he drank brandyand ginger ale at the time.

Q.—What did you take? A.—I drank the same Q.—How many did you take? A.—Probably a half dozen: probably more. I drank very little brandy. I took most ginger ale.

dozen: probably more. I drank very little brandy. I took most ginger ale.
Q.—liow many brandles did you take? A.—Three or Q.—How many brandles did you take? A.—Three or four.
Q.—That was the time he asked you to marry him?
A.—Yes, sir. He asked me to get Mr. Coffey to stand up with us. I told him he was very foolish.
Q.—How many drinks do you average per day? A.—Sometimes I never drink. I don't drink every day.
Q.—How many do you average a day when you do drink? A.—Three or four.
Q.—Dort you take a dozen? A.—No, sir.
Q.—Dort you take a dozen? A.—No, sir.
Q.—Dort you take a dozen? A.—No, sir.
Q.—Dort you take a dozen? The night of the marriage we sat up together until 2 or 3 A. M. I said to him. Mr. Kittson, I have no education to go into a family like yours." He said in reply: "Minnie, that'll be all'tight." e all right."
Q.—What is your standard drink? A.—I'm not par-What is your standard drink? A.—I'm not particular.
Q.—How many drinks did you take on the night before the marriage? A.—None. I was sick.

The next question caused Mr. Mitchell to spring to his feet and the plaintiff to turn flery red. Judge Ingraham overruled Lawyer Mitchell's objection.
Q.—How many times have you been arrested? A.—Since I have been married?
Q.—Altogether? A.—Twice. Once I had a dispute with a clear dealer about a sign he insisted in putting under my window. The other time some girls caught hold of me and tried to force me to go with them. One hit me in the face with a key and the other took out my hair pins. I struck one of them in the face with a thin sarsaparilla glass.

arilla glass.

Q.—You were indicted for that? A.—Yes.
Q.—How long was the girl sick because of your assault?
A.—She wasn't sick at all.
Q.—Did not you pay the minister after the marriage?
A.—No: Mr. Kittson had \$15 in his pocket. He paid \$2

or a bottle of champagne.
Q.—What kind of champagne do you get for \$2† A.—
Dh. we get it at wholesale rates.
Q.—Can you read and write? A.—I can read and write

Q.—Can you read and write? A.—I can read and write plainty.
Q.—You knew the mother and sister of the defendant were stopping at the Windsor Hotel? A.—Yes.
Q.—When did you first see them? A.—In July,
Q.—Wes you drunk? A.—No?! I had not been drinking anything.
Redirect.—Billiane after your marriage? A.—He says,
"Bout the Billiane after your marriage? A.—He says,
"Bout the Spilliane after your marriage? A.—He says,
"But that aways,
and say on you have been until 1 get monomore, of the
carpet or some safe place. He says, "Put that aways,
and have no one see it," and I did just as he said. During
that summer, at Fairmount Fark. Philadelphia, he told
net o stay with Spilliane until he could get money enough
to take me out of this life. Gideon J. Tucker, a clerk under the Board of Health, produced the marriage certificate filed with him, and then the plaintiff rested. After several witnesses to the bad character of the house in Sixth avenue had been ex-amined for the defence, the case went over until to-day.

The Supposed Poisoner of Five Women. CHICAGO, March 1.—The poisoning of another woman, making five in all, is to-night alleged against Lawrence Krug, who lies in the county jail suspected of murdering three wives and a stepdaughter. The supposed fifth victim is Gunda Schoeppner, a pretty Byear-posed disturber of Krug's first wife's sister. His friends to-day asked an investigation. They say that Gunda was a close company of her unfortunate cousin, Lucy Heidelmeyer, the stepdaughter whose death caused the arrest of Krug. At the funerals of Krug's wives Gunda was present. Each time she, like Lucy Heidelmeyer, was shocked by proposals of marriage from Krug, even before the services for the dead were completed. The proposals were made in the presence of numerous witnesses. After the first advances, Gunda made no effort to conceal her aversion to Krug. About the time of Lucy's death Gunda fell ill with a similar complaint, and her altiment is yet unconquered. Her friends express the belief that Krug poisoned her out of pure malignity, in revenge for the contempt with which she treated him murdering three wives and a stepdaughter. The sup

Will of Prof. E. L. Youmans.

The will of Prof. Edward L. Youmans was mans, to whom the bulk of his estate is left, at the wish of his wife, who has ample means of her own. As a to-ken of affection Prof. Fournam leaves to his wife his best edition of the New American Cyclopadia. His library is left to his brother and asser. WHO IS " CARRIE?"

Her Similarity to a Girl who has Often bee Afflicted with Hysteria,

The physicians in the City Hospital in Jersey City report that they have not yet succeeded in restoring to consciousness "Carrie." the young woman who was taken sick in a Pennsylvania Railroad train late on Saturday night. and who, it was believed, was on her way at the time to see her dying mother in this city. The woman's name is not known. Several persons have called to see her, in hopes that she sons have called to see her. In hopes that she might prove to be a missing relative, but none of them could identify her. It has been thought strange that the wide publication of the case has not brought forth either The-

thought strange that the wide publication of the case has not brought forth either Theresa Gill, who signed the letter addressed to "Carrie" informing her that her mother was dying, or the "Uncle Lawrence" mentioned in the letter. It may be remembered that the writer explained that "Uncle Lawrence" was going from New York to Philadelphia, and that he would carry the letter. Thus it is not surprising that there was no envelope found with the letter in her pocket. There is nothing in reality to show that the letter ever came from New York, where it is dated.

The physicians say she is suffering with hysteria, and it is a remarkable fact that a little more than two years ago there was a young woman corresponding in age, and, it is said, also in appearance, with Carrie, who appeared in turn in nearly all the hospitals in Philadelphia, as well as in the Blockley Almshouse there, suffering with the same disease. This young woman was once used by Dr. Samuel Gross of the University of Ponnsylvania, in a clinical lecture, as an example to show the difference between real and simulated hysteria. She got into the Philadelphia hospitals in almost every case after falling and becoming unconscious in some public place.

In March, two years ago, the same person appeared in Wilmington, Del., where she fell in the depot, and was made the subject of general sympathy. She did not speak for several days, but she wrote on a card that her name was Mary McNuity, and that Lawrence Sheehan of 1,016 Tenth avenue, in this city, was her brother. She was cared for by several sympathy. She did not speak for several days, but she prother. She was cared for by several sympathy. She did not speak for several days, but she rother. She was cared for by several sympathy is didentical with the girl now in Jersey City is not known, but it is affirmed that a person who knew the former called at the Jersey City Hospital yesterday, and on seeing "Carrie" declared that she was the unfortunate young woman whom he had formerly known as Mary McNuity.

In

IN DANGER OF JUDGE LYNCH.

Soldiers Guarding the Jall in Which a Wealthy Farmer is Confined.

COLUMBIA, March 1 .- The preliminary trial of John Harvey Neely, charged with assaulting the 5-year-old daughter of George B. Mosely, took place at Chester to-day before Justice Leckie. The prisoner is a wealthy farmer about 35 years old. Mosely is also one of the leading farmers of Chester county. Mrs. Mosely, the child's mother, and Neely's wife Mosely, the child's mother, and Neely's wife are sisters, and the daughters of Major Lowry, a well-to-do farmer. Excitement ran high at the time of Neely's arrest, and he would undoubtedly have been lynched had not the Sheriff taken the precaution to place a strong guard about the jail. After a long investigation to-day Justice Leckie deemed the evidence against the prisoner sufficient to commit him for trial in the Court of General Sessions, and he was accordingly remanded to jail.

When the Justice's decision was announced the citizens became greatly excited, and it was with the utmost difficulty that Neely escaped death at the hands of the mob while being conveyed to jail. As the afternoon wore on the indignation of the populace increased, and threats of storming the jail were openly made on the streets. The circuit solicit: ordered the prisoner to be removed to this city for safe keeping. The Lee Light Infantry are now guarding the jail until the next train for Columbia passes Chestor, which will be about A. M. to-morrow. The news of the outrage has been spread all along the route between Chester and this city, and it is believed that the train will be intercepted and the prisoner lynched before he reaches Columbia.

ABUSING THE CHINESE.

Vancouver to be Punished for Its Assaults
Upon Visitors from Asia. virtually suspends the city's charter and vests all power in the Legislature. The Government has assented to the bill. A special force has been sworn in and will proceed to Vancouver to-morrow, armed with batons and revolvers. Three of the ringleaders in the attack on the Chinese a few days ago have already been arrested, and more arrests will follow to-morrow. The Chinese at the time of the attack were driven into the waters of the inlet, and some of them were nearly drowned. Those left in the city after Thursday night have since been sent out. The Government force will protect all their interests, and the bill provides for summary dealing with all those taking part in the outrages on the Chinese.

Charter Elections in New York.

ITHACA, March 1.-The Republicans elected to-day the President, a majority of the Board of Trus-tees, the Recorder, and Tax Collector.

NEWSURGE, March 1.—The Republicans elected to-day BNEWBURGH, March 1.—The Republicans elected to-day a Collector, both School Trustees, a Water Commissioner, and four out of five Aldermen.

Oswego, March 1.—Charles North, Republican, is reelected Mayor by 430 majority. Four Democratic and four Republican Supervisors are elected.

ELSHA, March 1.—The Democrats elected their whole city ticket and six Aldermen out of seven.

CTCA, March 1.—Thomas E. Kinney (Pem.) was reelected. Mayor without opposition. William Hoerlin (Rep.) was referenced by the CTCA, March 1.—The CTCA, March 1.—The Republicans also elected their City Judge, Assessor, three Constables, and carried five wards out of ten as to Supervisors. The Democrats elected the City Clerk. Recorder, and Treasurer. The surprising feature was the large vote polled by the Labor party, 1,283, which was within 70 of the number received by the Democratic nomines.

POUGHERTHE, MARCH 1.—In Dutchess county 13 Democratic and 7 Republican Supervisors have been elected. Lastyear they stood 12 Democratis and 8 Republicans and 3 Casanaluca, March 1.—The new Board of Supervisors of Ontario county will stand 13 Republicans and 9 Democrats—a Republican Supervisors, and the Board is thus Republican by a majority of 1.

Washington, March 1.-The aggregate increase to the Naval Appropriation bill by the Senate Committee on Appropriations is between twenty-one and twenty-two millions; but inasmuch as the largest expenditures cover a period of five years, it is estimated that the additional appropriation for the next fiscal that the additional appropriation for the next fiscal the served in the year to between thirty of the year to between thirty and thirty two and the second two and the second thirty two and the second thirty two and the second thirty two and the second two and the second thirty two and the second thirty two and the second thirty two and the second two and the second thirty two and the second the second thirty two and the second the second thirty two and the second the second the second thirty two and the second thirty two and the second the second the second thirty two and the second thirty two and the second the second the second thirty two and the second the second the second thirty two and the second t

Buying a Tract Nearly Half as Big as Texas KANSAS CITY, March 1.—The Inter-State Land Company, an organization with headquarters in this city, has completed the purchase of the Arkansas land grant, comprising 70.0000 acres, situated in Texas. iand grant, comprising 79,000,000 acres, situated in Texas. New Mexico, and Colorado, and including a portion of No Man's Land and all of the famous Maxwell grant. The purchase is made from the Exterior Real Estate, the title having come originally from the Mexican Govern-ment in Is23. The price of purchase is not made public. The company proposes to give quit claims to settlers now on the iand on application, but will require foreign-ers and corporations to settle. The legal opinions of eminent authority have been obtained upon the title. This is the largest private land purchase ever made in the United States.

The Court of Appeals decided yesterday that Messrs Woodman, Andrews, and Von Glahn are genuine Excise Commissioners, and that the old Board had no claims. Nobody supposed that they had, and the police did not recognize the licenses which some misguided liquor dealers bought of them. The Court says that Mayor Grace had power to appoint the new Commissioners without confirmation by the Board of Aldermen. The terms of the others had long expired.

Smashed a Walking Delegate's Nose.

Fourth street, was held for trial yesterday for break

Joseph Bernheimer, a painter, of 246 East

Beware of the decay of teeth produced by the com-

NEWS FROM THE OLD WORLD.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH ADVISED NOT TO FIGHT THE KNIGHTS.

Corrupt Use of Public Money in London— The National Liberale in Germany Ex-pect Much Success on the Second Ballots. ROME, March 1.—The American Bishops take a favorable view of the organization known in the United States as the Knights of Labor. Cardinal Gibbons has placed before the Vatican a formal statement as to the na-

the Vatican a formal statement as to the nature of the organization, and the attitude the Church should adopt toward it. The Cardinal says in this that he considers that any condemnation of the Knights would be not only useless, but highly inopportune, and that it might alienate the sympathy of the American laboring classes from the Church, and might hamper the mission of the Church to the laboring poor.

In addition to the above positions recommended by the statement of Cardinal Gibbons, the Primate treats the alarmist theories respecting the Knights of Labor as puerile, and says that nearly one-third of the men belonging to the organization are Roman Catholics, Respecting the charge that the association is a secret order, the Cardinal says it is not a secret society in the sense condemned by the Church, and is consequently exempt from canonical censure. In Canada the case is different.

Cardinal Gibbons further says he considers the organization of the Knights of Labor in the United States not only harmless, but that it will possibly be beneficial in assisting in the eventual settlement of the great question of the proper relations between labor and capital.

PARNELL TWICE DEFEATED.

The Tories Beat him on Two Votes in the

LONDON, March 1 .- In the debate on the procedure rules this evening Mr. Molloy, on behalf of Mr. Parnell, moved an amendment that cloture should not be applied until the subject under discussion had been debated. Mr. Smith opposed the motion, saying that the

Government intended to propose an amend-ment of a similar nature. Mr. Parnell complained that the Irish were unfairly treated, and he attributed the Govern-ment's action tol the influence of Mr. Goschen. Mr. Healy objected to confiding in a Speaker in whose election the Parnellites had no voice, Mr. Gladstone supported Mr. Molloy's amend-ment.

ment.
The amendment was rejected by a vote of 241 to 186. Messrs, Gladstone, Childers, Harcourt, Morley, and other Liberals voted with the Par-

nellites.

Mr. Parnell moved an amendment the effect of which would be to prevent the application of cloture directly after the moving of an amendment. Mr. Smith objected to such a concession to obstruction. The amendment was negatived—302 to 116.

CORRUPTION IN ENGLAND.

Spending Public Money in Efforts to Defeat Reform Measures.

LONDON, March 1 .- In the House of Commons to-night Mr. George Howell, member for Bethnal Green, an advanced Liberal, asked the Government to assent to the appointment of a committee to inquire into corrupt expenditures by the corporation of London on spurious meetings, the audiences at which were hired to be present, for the purpose of defeating the be present, for the purpose of defeating the bill for the reform of the London Government.

Mr. Howell said he had seen documents which proved that members of the corporation had diverted £20,000 of the public moneys in an effort to defeat the measure before Parliament.

Mr. Gladstone declared that the matter was of the utmost importance, and that an inquiry must be granted in order to prove whether or not the greatest corporation in the country had misused its trust and adopted illegal methods to pervert public opinion or control legislative action.

Mr. W. H. Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, without admitting the truth of the charges, assented to the appointment of a committee of inquiry.

It is asserted that there are abundant proofs that public money has been used in getting up fraudulent meetings and petitions, and it is said that in the corporation's accounts sums are put down as having been paid to persons who in reality have no existence.

THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

Bright Prospects of the National Liberals on the Second Ballots.

ing to adhere to the compact against the Government.

The supplementary elections will extend over Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, until Saturday. The definite composition of the Reichstag will be uncertain.

An electoral meeting in support of Prof. Virchow was dispersed to-day, owing to disturbances caused by Socialists who were present. The prospects of national Liberal success in the second ballots are increasing.

The negotiations for a renewal of the treaty of alliance between Italy, Austria, and Gormany have been suspended, owing to the Italian to the Italian policy.

A Revolt at Silistria.

LONDON, March 1 .- Despatches received here from Sofia say that the troops of the garrison of Silistria revolted yesterday evening and pronounced against the revolted yesterday evening and pronounced against the Regency. Troops are marching to Silistria from Rustchiak, Varna, and Shumia to quell the mutiny.

The British Foreign Office has advices from Sofia saying that only a portion of the garrison at Silistria revolted. The Bulgarian Government has telegraphed hither that it feels perfectly confident of being able to suppress the revolt.

Bucharsar, March 1.—Private advices from Silistria aay that several thousand troops, with officers who assisted in deposing Frince Alexander, are concerned in the revolt there. A similar revolt is feared at Widdin. A state of siege has been proclaimed at all the Bulgarian towns on the Danube.

Many Miners Killed. PARIS, March 1.—A terrible explosion oc-curred to-day in the Beaubrun colleries at St. Etienns. When the explosion occurred there were only 104 men in the galleries. Forty-three of them have been res-cued undurf, four have been taken out more or less in-jured, and skiteen are known to be dead.

LONDON, March 1 .- The Irish Conservative members of Parliament at a conference to-day decided

to agitate in favor of suspending the debate on the pro-cedure rules and proceeding to the discussion of coercive measures for Ireland. More Earthquakes. ROME, March 1.—Tremors continue to be felt in the Italian Riviers, but no additional damage has

been done,
Pauls, March 1.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day
Premier Gobiet proposed a credit of 1,000,000 francs for
the relief of the earthquake sufferers. Threw a Missile at the Queen of Spain. MADKID, March 1.—While the Queen was out riding to day a missile was thrown at her carriage by a man in the street, who immediately disappeared. The Queen was not hurt.

Italy's Cabinet.

ROME, March 1.—The King has summoned Senator Sarraco to form a Cabinet. If the latter succeeds, Count di Robliant will be a member of the Ministry. The Eric Tapping New Cont Regions. HARRISBURG, March 1.-A charter has been

road, which is in the interest of the New York, Lake Errie and Western Railroad Company, and the new road when built will be an important link into the system of that company. The road will be built from Carbondale to connect with the Erie and Wyoming Railroad at Dunger, a suburb of Seranton, which will give the Erie addrect connection with the Wyoming coal region both from New York and, the West. Gift of a Library to Rutgers College. NEW BRUNSWICK, March 1 .- The library of P. Vanderbill Spader of this city was given to-day to Rui-gers College. It contains between 4.500 and 5.500 vol-umes, valued at \$15.000. It is particularly rich in illu-trated works on art, local histories, and books of refer-

ranted to the Moosic Mountain and Carbondalé Rail-oad, which is in the interest of the New York, Lake Eric

Janitor Titue Applies for a Commutation. TRENTON, March 1.—Ex-Judge Shipman, counsel for Janitor Titus, who is under sentence of death for the murder of Tillie Smith, presented an application to the tourt of Pardons this afternoon for the commutation of the sentence to imprisonment for life. Many members of the Lexislature signed the petition. The Court decided to hear counsel on Narch 15.

Our National Weakness.

HE LEAVES THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Dr. Armstrong Shrinks from the Wear and Tenr of Another Church Trial.

ATLANTA, March 1.-The Rev. Dr. Armstrong hashenounced the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He is under suspension for alleged improper conduct in Cincinnati. In Augusta, a short time ago, he attended an insurance banquet. Within the last two weeks a number of affidavits have been made to the effect that he was intoxicated at the banquet. These affidavits were lodged with the authorities of the church, and an Episcopal minister wrote to Dr. Armstrong that the

copal minister wrote to Dr. Armstrong that the only way to avoid another trial was to renounce the ministry. Dr. Armstrong at once telegraphed that he would renounce the ministry of the Episcopal Church, and he did so on last Saturday.

When spoken to Dr. Armstrong would not talk. He was much surprised that the news had gotten out. He said he had nothing whatever to say concerning the matter, but would let his course become public through the regular channel. A friend of Dr. Armstrong said, however:

however:
"The letter has been written. It recites that the Dector desires to relieve the Episcopal Church from any responsibility for his action, and deaires to be relieved of responsibility to the Church. He therefore renounces the ministry. He felt that he could not maintain a reliation with a Church the authorities of which were unfriendly to him.

Twenty Lives Lost on a Burning Steamer MOBILE, March 1.-The steamer W. H. Gardner was burned this evening on the Tombigbee River, near Gainesville. Twenty lives were lost.

near Gainesville. Twenty lives were lost.

The Gardner was one of the largest boats plying on the
Tombigbee River from Mobile. The boat is a total loss;
together with 461 bales of cotton.

The loss of life includes S. C. Blackman, Jule Rembert
and two pluses. and two children, Mrs. W. T. Rembert and three children, Theodore L. Graham, G. Butes, and the following colored persons: John Bryant, steward; Green Jenkins, Henry Pords, Hayward Huuson, L. Lindsey, Virgil Jones, Amos Harris, and several unknown persons.

Bernhardt Captures Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 1 .- Mme. Sarah Bernhardt made her first appearance on her second tour of the United States at the National Theatre here to night, before a large and brilliant audience. The fact that it is the Lenten season and Congress is having night sessions had no perceptible effect on the house, which was well filled in every part. Among the occupants of the boxes filled in every part. Among the occupants of the boxes were the French and Swedish Ministers, the Baroness Itajuba, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney, Mrs. Scott Townsend, Mrs. and Miss Chapman of London, and Mr. Henry E. Abbey. The initial performance was the strong of the

Corporation Counsel Lacombe has advised Corporation Counsel Lacombo has navised the Mayor that there is no force in the objections made by Charles P. Shaw, counsel for the Cable Company, to the proposed appointment of Rapid Transit Commissioners which the Manhattan Railway is seeking for.

Commissioner Newton is awaiting the opinion of the Corporation Counsel as to the right of the Vandenburgh Underground Railroad to secure a permit for the opening of the city streets for the construction of that road. No application has yet been made to the Commissioner of Fublic Works for permission to open the streets for the purpose of preparing the Third avenue surface railway for the proposed cable system.

The Rev. W. R. Covert of the Presbyterian church, Storerville, Pa., was complainant at the Tombs yesterday against Walter H. Shupe, who was once yesterday against Walter H. Shupe, who was once widely known as a Greenbacker. The complaint charges that on Dec, 20 last Shupe gathered together at the Hotel Everett on Park row the members of what is now called the Harlem Commons syndicate, and by representing to Proprietor Everett that the syndicate had 'millions in it' induced him to give them an expensive supper free. Shupe introduced the guests to Mr. Everett as his boson friends. The whole affair was arranged, it is alleged, to make Shupe the secretary of the syndicate. The Rev. Mr. Govertwas maint the spokesman at the meeting after the supper, and he distinctly objected to the ways of Mr. Shupe. Mr. Shupe retorted by publishing in a paper called the Harlem Adocate Extra articles, in which Mr. Covert was attacked. There will be another hearing.

John F. Vance, a son of Richard Vance, tin Victoria, B.C., March 1.—The Legislature

Victoria and passed a bill to meet the emergency at Vancouver. The bill virtually suspends the city's charter and vests all power in the Legislature. The Government all power in the Legislature. The Government is because the state of the National Liberals and the Socialists here is becoming pronounced. Herr Krueger, the Socialist leader, attends New German Liberal in the Legislature. The Government is because the Liberals for fail-Hart street, Brooklyn, the following telegram:
"MR. VANCE: John is dead at the Ninety ninth Street
Hospital.
"Mr. Vance hurried to the hospital and discovered that
the despatch was a hoax. John was heard from yesterday.

Gouverneur Morris has transferred as a gift to St. Ann's P. E. Church of North New York a gore lot having a frontage of 114½ feet on the west side of St. Ann's avenue, near 139th street, adjoining the St. Ann's Ann's avenue, near 193th street, adjoining the 5t. Ann's account of the grantees to the effect that when the plot is sold it must be sold subject to covenants against nuisances, the money received from the sale to be invested in United States bonds and the "Gouverneur Morris Fund" established from the income of which the church is to be kept in repair and the property beautified, improved, and enlarged. Mr. Morris reserves for himself and heirs the right to bury and of access to the vaults off the family in the church grounds.

Obltuary. James N. Talmage, a Wagner car conductor, was instantly killed on Monday night, in the yard of the Grand Central station, by the engine of the Croton local train due at 7% o'clock. He was a nephew of the Rev. Dr. T. DeWitt Taimage. He lived at 215 Warren street, Jersey Civ. He recently went to work as a conductor, having failed in business.

The Hon. Edward Wootton, Associate Judge of the Superior Court, of Delaware, died at his home in Georgetown yesterday of pneumonia at the age of 82 years.

Mr. Ivins Misinformed About Mr. Kelly. In his paper read to the Commonwealth Club on Monday night, Chamberlain Ivins said: "Mr. Kelly, I am told, always made the County Clerk's office and the Register's office pay him \$10,000 to be used in State politics. Henry A. Gumbleton writes to Mr. Ivins that nothing of the kind happened when he was County Clerk. He says:

"Aside from the injustice of casting such an imputation on the dead—which I do not believe you would knowingly make—I deem it my duty to call your attention to its falsity from my own personal knowledge."

Peter Smith Must Go to the Gallows. The Court of Appeals has affirmed the conviction of Peter Smith for murder, for killing Watchman John Hannon of the Street Cleaning Department, on April 7, 1885. Smith is in the Tombs. He was originally sentenced to be hanged on Nov. 20, 1885. He will be resentenced.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Col. Lamont said yesterday that a successor to Secretary Manning will not be nominated before Thursday at the earliest. Warrants were issued by Acting Secretary Fairchild yesterday for pension payments amountingto nearly \$5,500,000. The Senate has ordered the preparation of an index to the secret journal for the fifty years from 1829 to 1870, the injunction of secrecy will probably be removed next uttumit. arranged to make a two-weeks' visit to England on private business. He will leave Washington on Friday and sail from New York on Naturally. His resignation as Trassurer will take effect April 3, and he has been granted leave of absence until that date. His expected that his successor will be nominated before the adjournment of Congress.

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH. Cholera has appeared in Sicily.

The Prince of Wales has arrived in London. He is well and hearty. Senator Hugh Nelson has been appointed Governor of British Columbia. British Columbia.

The Ameer of Afghanistan is raising a forced loan to the amount of 10 per cent. of the value of the property of his subjects.

Gen. Boulanger has submitted to the Cabinet a comparative estimate of the military and navai strength of France and Germany.

Fifteen buildings, some of them containing a great deal of tobacco, were burned in South Boston, Virginia, yesterday. Loss \$150,000. terday. Loss. \$105,000.

The despatch from Paris yesterday that Bismarck intended to request President Grevy to dismiss tien. Boulanger from the Ministry was a canard.

An ordinance has been adopted in Cincinnati which will reduce the price of gas for the next ten years from \$1.70 to \$1.25 per 1,005 feet, with 10 cents per 1,000 discount for prompt payment.

John L. West (colored), ex-clerk in the General Land Office at Washington, was sentenced yesterday to six years in the Albany penitentiary for housebreaking and assault with intent to commit rape on Mrs. Mary I. Page (white) in November last.

ACCUSING RECTOR WARD.

· PRICE TWO CENTS.

STATEMENT AT LAST MADE IN BEHALF OF HIS WIFE,

Authoritative Deciaration that for a case Long Time She Had Been the Victim of Brutal Violence, and that He Was Not Insane When He Shot Her and Himself-Removed From the Rectory Yesterday. The wife of the Rev. Charles W. Ward, the

rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church at Englewood, N. J., who was shot through the jaw by her husband, who also shot himself in the head on Tuesday morning. Feb. 22, at the rectory in Englewood, was removed yesterday to the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. Aaron J. Vanderpeel, 1 West Sixteenth street, New York, Mrs. Ward was carried from the rectory at 1 o'clock in the afternoon to a carriage, and, accompanied by a sister who came from Chicago immediately after the shooting, and by Dr. Daniel M. Stimson of 11 West Seventeenth street, was driven to the Fort Lee ferry, and crossed to West 125th street. Several trunks were sent by rail. The removal took place very quietly and without any seene, Mr. Ward was told later that his wife had left the rectory. She was carried to the room she had occupied in Mr. Vanderpoel's house for many years before she met Mr. Ward, and was quite comfortable last night. Dr. Stimson called in the evening, but she is now practically out of danger. On Mon-

day she sat up nearly all day. The following authoritative statement in behalf of Mrs. Ward was made to a Sun reporter last night: "Now that Mrs. Ward has been removed from authoritative statement in behalf of Mrs. Ward was made to a Sun reporter last night:

"Now that Mrs. Ward has been removed from Mr. Ward's house where no possible harm can come to her through further violence from her husband, it must be truthfully stated that Mr. Ward wilfully shot his wife. It was the crowning act in a long period of brutal violence to her. Mrs. Ward is a slight woman, weighing in the neighborhood of 100 pounds, while her husband is massive and strong and weighs about 200 pounds. It seems almost incredible, but that powerful man has treated that frail woman like a dog. His moments of anger were frequent and bitter, while his wife is a sweet-tempered and lovable woman. There was not the slightest cause for the shooting, He simply became angry at her and shot her. Perhaps he had been drinking. Let us hope for his sake that he had. It has been stated that Mr. Ward was subject to fits of insanity. All the insanity he was afflicted with was an ungovernable temper. It has also been said that Mr. Ward has been irrational almost all of the time since the shooting. That is quite incorrect. Mr. Ward has been consclous from a few hours after he shot himself. Ho was not insane when he shot his wife. When he regained consciousness only the day of the shooting he inquired:

"Do you think Mrs. Ward's relatives will prosecute me?"

"He also asked how Mr. and Mrs. Vanderpoel felt teward him. Only on last Sunday did he learn that the newspapers had published the story of the shooting. He seemed distressed, but he was relieved when he was told that the ruth would not come out, but the time has gone by for shielding him any longer. It is due to Mrs. Ward's relatives live in the West, where wives are not shot down without knowing the reason why. Mrs. Ward's relatives, on visiting the restory at Englewood Protective Association had been asked to leave the rectory and had complete with the statement should be made. Some of Mrs. Ward's relatives live in the West, where wives are not shot down without knowing the re

A tall man of subdued manner was on the isoners' line when Justice Duffy reached the Tombe yesterday morning. He had been found praying in Pearl street by a policeman, who locked him up.

"What is your business" the little Judge inquired.
"I am a teacher of music and the languages at "I am a teacher of music and the languages and a poet."

Justice Duffy once taught in the public schools himself, and is friendly to teachers.

"I have been a teacher myself, but not much of a poet," he said. "although I have ——"

Then he said. "although I have ——"

Then he said. "although I have ——"

Then he said. "although I have ——"

"You're discharged." he said. suddenly bringing his eyes down upon the prisoner. "A teacher never should get drunk; it's beneath his dignity. Remember it."

"I see now why you never married, Judge," said the stenographer, who had heard the lines.

The little Justice frowned, and sent the next prisoner up for three months.

Al Smith and Joe Cotton Matched at Billiards A match game of cushion carrom billiards was made yesterday between Al P. Smith of sporting was made yesterday between Al F. Smith of sporting fame and Joseph Cotton, the bookmaker, for \$500 a side. The game is to take place at Sexton's Broadway billiard rooms on Wednesday, March 9, at 2 o'clock P. M. The contestants participated in the late bookmakers' tournament, where Cotton tied James Mahoney for first place. It is reported that hely had two bets on humself for first place, one of one hundred and first against nine hundred dollars, the other one hundred and first against nine hundred dollars, the other one hundred and first against nine hundred dollars, the other one hundred seed of the world had been successful to the seed of the s

National Opera Company will, be heard The National Opera Company will be heard in "The Huguenots" for the first time in New York at the Metropolitan Opera House to-night. It is some years since Meyerbeer's grand opera was heard here, and its performance in English is awaited with pleasure. Pauline L. Allemand will be heard as the Queen, and Bertha Pierson will make her first appearance here as Yolentine. William Candidus will appear as Raoul. The stage mounting for the opera is said to be exceptionally fine, and attractive ballets are promised in the second and third acts. The second week of the American Opera season will be opened next Monday with Delibes's beautiful opera. "Lakine." Rubinstein's "Nero" will positively be produced on Monday, March 14.

Signal Office Prediction. Fair weather, followed by local rains, JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

William Dobson was elected Assistant Clerk of the Al-dermen yesterday at \$75 a month. Postmaster Aquilia Jones of Indianapolis is at the rand Central Hotel. A negro from 217 East Thirty-fifth street was taken to the Riverside Hospital yesterday with the small-pox. William Schwal, proprietor of the Harlem Bridge Gar-dens, was held in the Harlem Court for violating the Theatrical law. Incarrical law.
Judge Andrews has granted an absolute divorce to Mag
Recce from Florence E. Recce, and to James J. Fleming
from Margaret T. Fleming.
Dr. Edson asked the Health Roard yesterday for more
inspectors on account of the large amount of hob year
that is being sent to market. that is being sent to market.

The Aldermen have petitioned the House of Representatives to pass the bill making eight hours a legal day's work for letter carriers.

A Panish sailor, who fell into the South Ferry slip on Monday night and was drowned, had in his pockets four-teen notes of 199 banish crowns each, or 5564. The Republican Police Commissioners tried again yesterday, and failed, to get Capts. Allaire, Gunner, and Webb sent before the civil service board for promotion, John Davis was held at Essex Market yesterday for violating the Excise law in Harney O'Rourke's song and dance dive at 103 Bowery—the third arrest this fortuight. The Court of Appeals has affirmed the conviction of Lawyer Alexander II. Reavey for stealing a clienty money. Reavey has been in the Tombs two years, and now be goes to Sing Sing for two and one half years. It was discovered yesterday that the man who blew his brains out on the east drive of Central Fark last wednesday was Engelbert Schaller, a violinist and music printer, of 81 Court street, Brooklyn.

Amelia Schmidt, who boards with Mrs. Desaurge as 482 West Twenty fourth street, was arrested for begging yesterday with her landladys 16 year old daughter. She was drossed to represent a Sister of Charity.

The Aldermen adouted a resolution vesterday acknowledge. She was dressed to represent a Sister of Charity.

The Aldermen adopted a resolution yesterday asking the Legislature to comine the powers of the lock Department to lands and buildings outside of the published into the resolution granting Mrs. J. M. Lamadrid permission to erect booths in the sirects for the said of chearmission to erect booths in the sirects for the said of chearmission to erect booths in the sirects for the said of chearmission to erect booths in the sirects for the said of chearmission.

Gen. Newton yesterday made the following prometions: Daniel Curlin and James H. Reinedy and Thomas S. Oxholm, transition, at 81.089. M. H. Smith and Henry P. Morrison, levellers at 8a aday; R. I. Blake, J. T. Raymond, and David Goodsell rodunen, at \$1.095; A. J. Kanoki, chaimman, at \$3.00. He also appointed J. J. Moors inspector of lamps and gas at \$1.000.

If you do not get proper strength from your food, use Carter's Little Severaline.

If you do not get proper strength from your food, use Carter's Little Serve Fills.—des. If you prefer a pure soap, use Charles S. Higgins's German Laundry bosp."—4ds.